

HeliExperts International LLC

VAIL VALLEY MEDICAL CENTER VAIL, COLORADO







HELIEXPERTS EXPERIENCE

- A combined 75+ years of rotary wing and fixed wing aviation piloting, maintenance and management experience with an extensive background in military, corporate, offshore, and air medical operations.
- 35+ years in aeronautical consulting, safety, heliport development, education, and litigation support services.
- 500+ heliports designed and over 3,000 heliports visited or audited worldwide.
- Clients include: FAA, DOD, Department of Energy, Transportation Safety Institute, Department of Justice, U.S. Army, U.S. Air Force, U.S. Navy, U.S. Army Corp of Engineers, States of New York, New Jersey, Hawaii and Illinois as well over 400 corporations, organizations and individuals.
- Only independent professionals from industry requested to meet with the FAA on the redrafting of the current heliport advisory circular.





RAYMOND A. SYMS



45+ YEARS OF PROFESSIONAL AVIATION EXPERIENCE

- Senior Member of the Helicopter Association International heliport and FAA/Industry Heliport /Vertiport Design A/C working groups.
- Designer and primary author of the HAI Heliport Development Guide.
- Industry Contributor and Consultant to the Transportation Safety Institutes Heliport Evaluation Training Program for FAA Inspectors.
- One of the most senior and now Chairman of National Fire Protection Association NFPA 418 Committee – Fire Protection Standards for Heliports.
- FAA Heliport Advisory Circular Industry Contributor.







REX J. ALEXANDER



34 + YEARS OF PROFESSIONAL AVIATION EXPERIENCE

- Member NFPA-418 Committee Fire Protection Standards for Heliports.
- Industry Contributor and Consultant to the Transportation Safety Institutes Heliport Evaluation Training Program for FAA Inspectors.
- FAA Heliport Advisory Circular Industry Contributor.
- Author and designer International Heliport Risk and Liability Assessment Toolkit.
- Author and designer of the NEMSPA Hospital Heliport Safety Program.





PRIMARY GUIDANCE FOR HELIPORTS



U.S. Department of Transportation

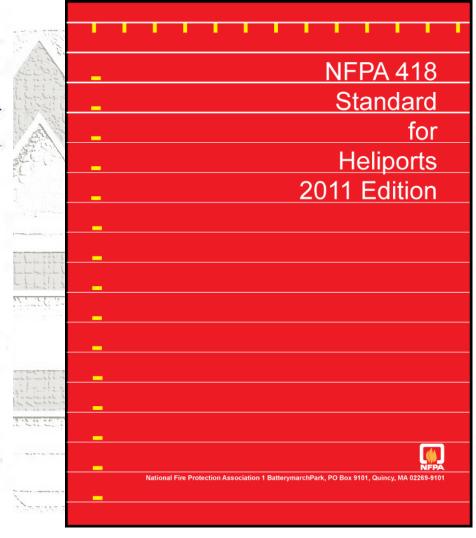
Federal Aviation Administration

Advisory Circular

Subject: Heliport Design

Date: 4/24/2012 Initiated by: AAS-100 AC No: 150/5390-2C Change:

- Purpose. This advisory circular (AC) provides standards for the design of heliports serving helicopters with single rotors. Apply basic concepts to facilities serving helicopters with tandem (front and rear) or dual (side by side) rotors, however many standards will not apply.
- 2. Cancellation. This AC cancels AC 150/5390-2B, Heliport Design, dated September 30, 2004.
- 3. Application. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) recommends the guidelines and specifications in this AC for materials and methods used in the construction of heliports. In general, use of this AC is not mandatory. However, use of this AC is mandatory for all projects funded with federal grant monies through the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) and with revenue from the Passenger Facility Charge (PFC). See Grant Assurance No. 34, Policies, Standards, and Specifications, and PFC Assurance No. 9, Standards and Specifications. For information about grant assurances, see http://www.faa.gov/airports/aip/grant_assurances/. The use of terms implying strict compliance applies only to those projects. Other federal agencies, states, or other authorities having jurisdiction over the construction of other heliports decide the extent to which these standards apply.
- 4. Principal changes.
 - a. Changed the term for the helicopter overall length (OL) to 'D' or 'D-value.'
 - b. Added definitions for design loads for static and dynamic load-bearing areas (LBA).
- Added guidance for pavement or structure larger than the touchdown and liftoff area (TLOF), but less than the size of the final approach and take off (FATO).
 - d. Added guidance for turbulence effects.
- Added guidance to provide adequate clearance between parking areas and taxi routes and within parking areas.
 - Added guidance for minimum dimensions of curved approach/departure airspace.
 - g. Added guidance for Touchdown/Positioning Circle (TDPC) Marking.
 - h. Added guidance for Flight Path Alignment Guidance markings and lights.
- Added an appendix providing guidance for Emergency Helicopter Landing Facility Requirements (EHLF).
 - j. Added FATO to FATO separation distance for simultaneous operations.
 - k. Revised standards for size of "II" for general aviation heliports.
 - Added increased TLOF size when the FATO of a hospital heliport is not load bearing.









AGENCIES AND ORGANIZATIONS PROVIDING GUIDANCE ON HELIPORTS

FAA: Federal Aviation Administration

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

IBC International Building Codes

IFC
 International Fire Codes

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration

NTSB: National Transportation & Safety Board

HAI: Helicopter Association International

NEMSPA: National EMS Pilots Association

• CAMTS: Commission on Accreditation of Medical Transport
Systems





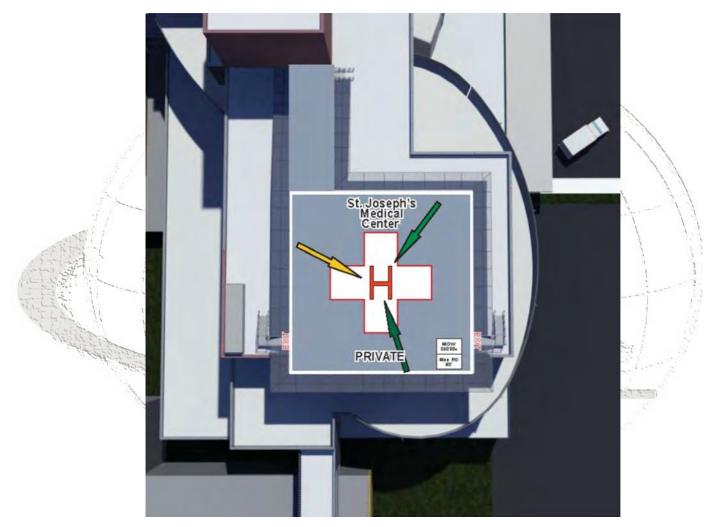
ADOPTED STANDARDS

 Regulations Advisory Circulars Best Practices Adopting the most conservative standards





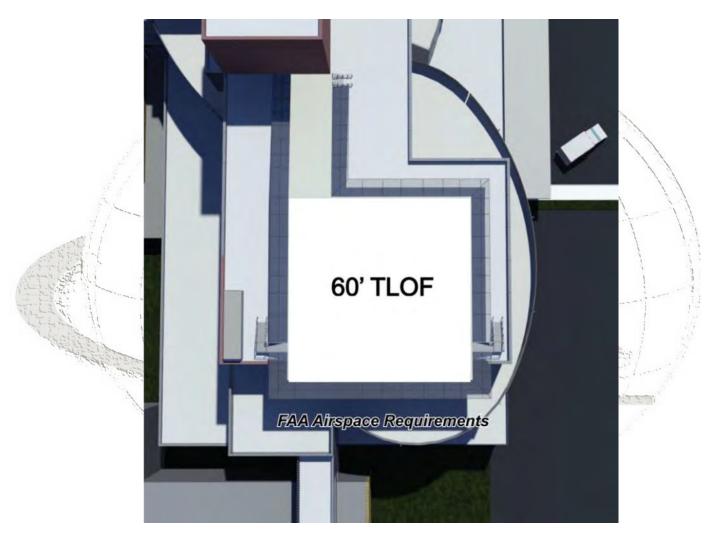
ANATOMY OF A HELIPORT







TOUCHDOWN AND LIFTOFF AREA







FINAL APPROACH AND TAKEOFF AREA

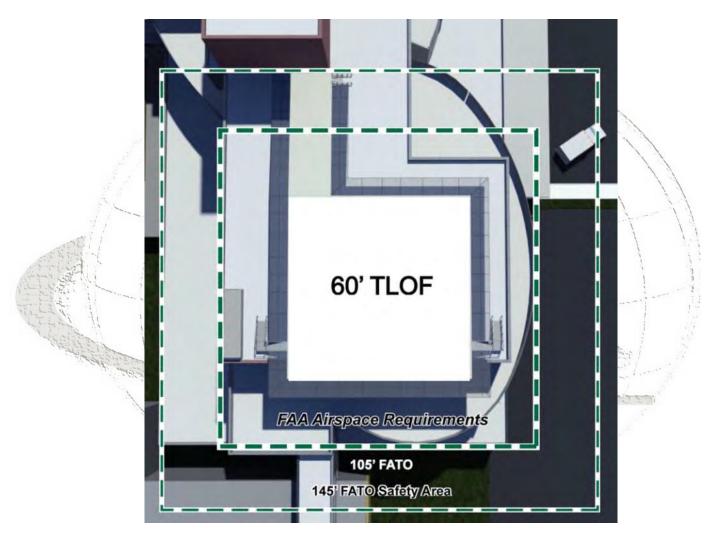








FATO SAFETY AREA

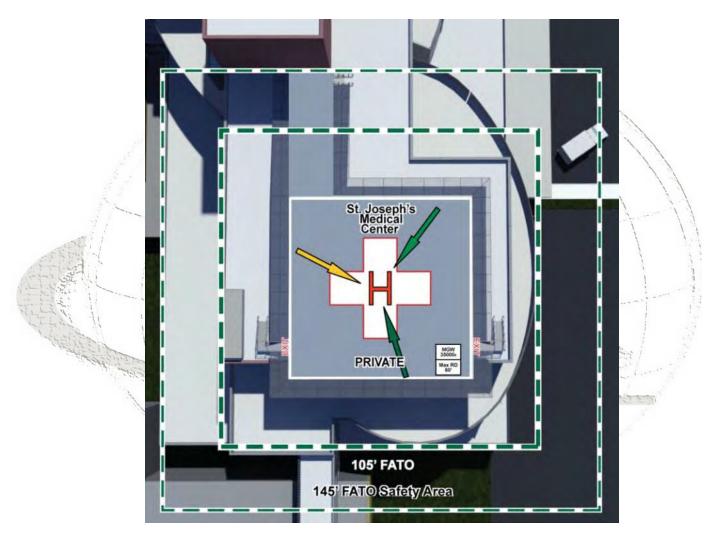








HELIPORT MARKINGS

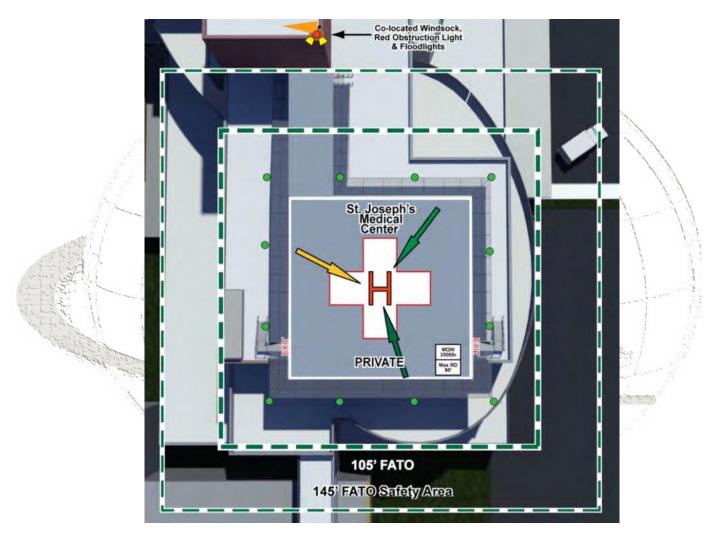








HELIPORT LIGHTING

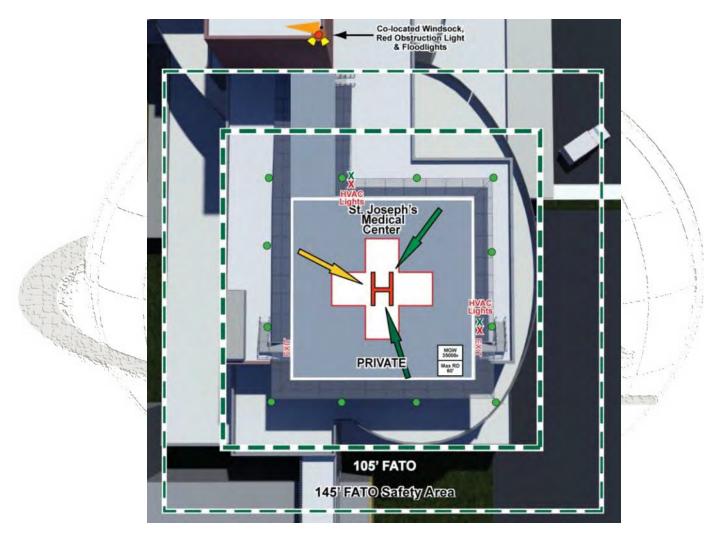








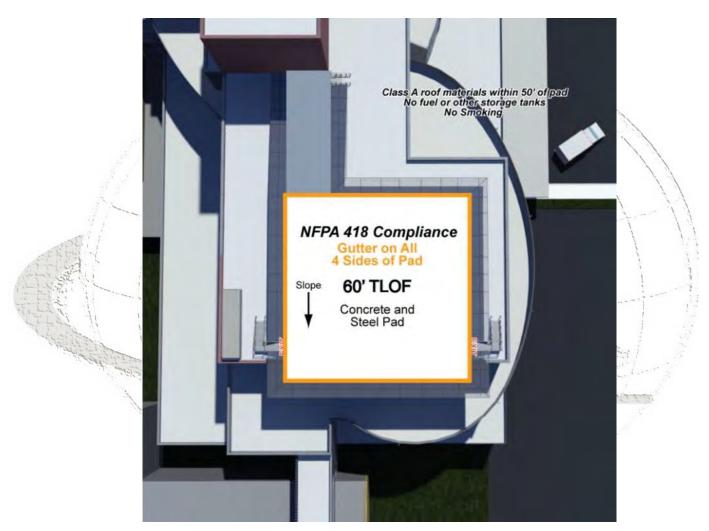
HVAC PROVISIONS







HELIPORT SLOPE, DRAINAGE & SURROUNDING ROOFING MATERIAL







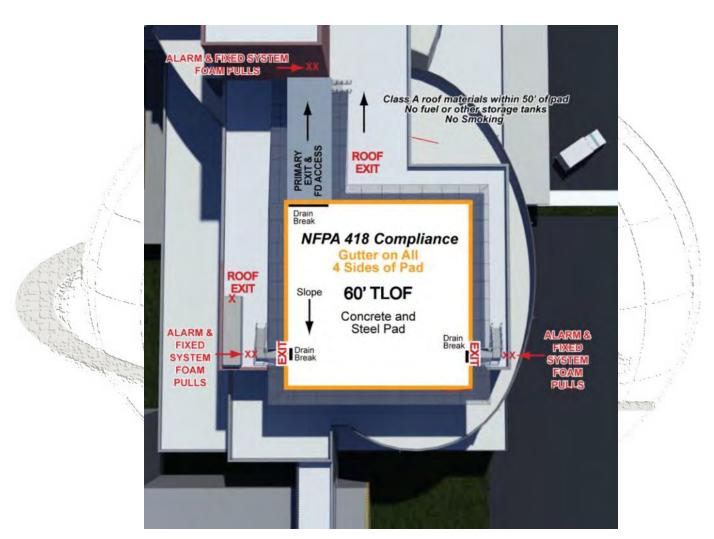
HELIPORT INGRESS/EGRESS & EMERGENCY EXITS







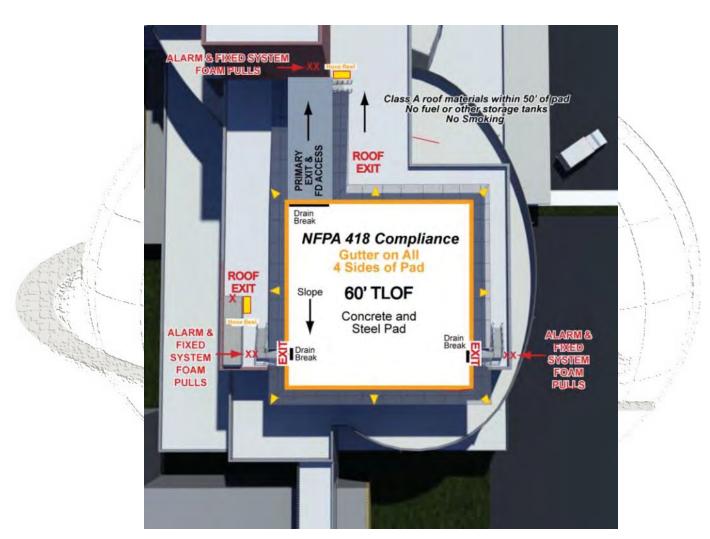
HELIPORT FIRE ALARM SYSTEM







HELIPORT FIRE SUPPRESSION







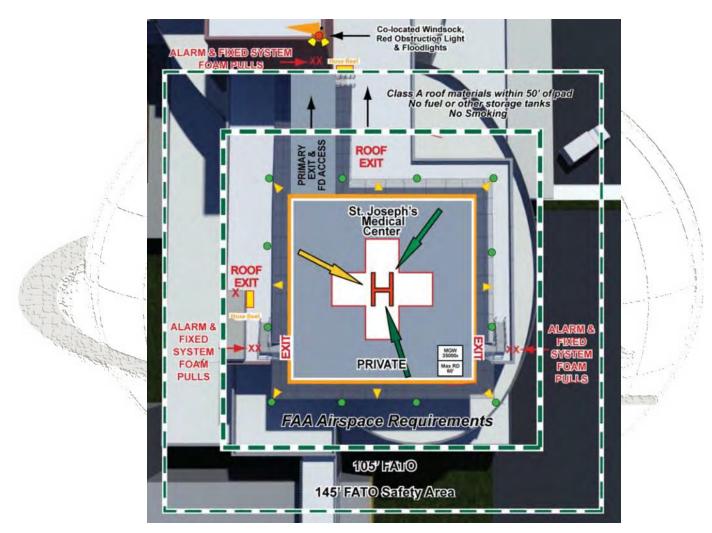
ACTIVATED FOAM FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM







A COMPLIANT HELIPORT









OTHER METROPOLITAN AND URBAN HOSPITAL HELIPORTS IN THE U.S.









OTHER METROPOLITAN AND URBAN HOSPITAL HELIPORTS IN THE U.S.







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OTHER METROPOLITAN AND URBAN HOSPITAL HELIPORTS IN THE U.S.







COLORADO HELIPORT S FAA HISTORICAL DATA

Per the current FAA Airport Master Record Database.

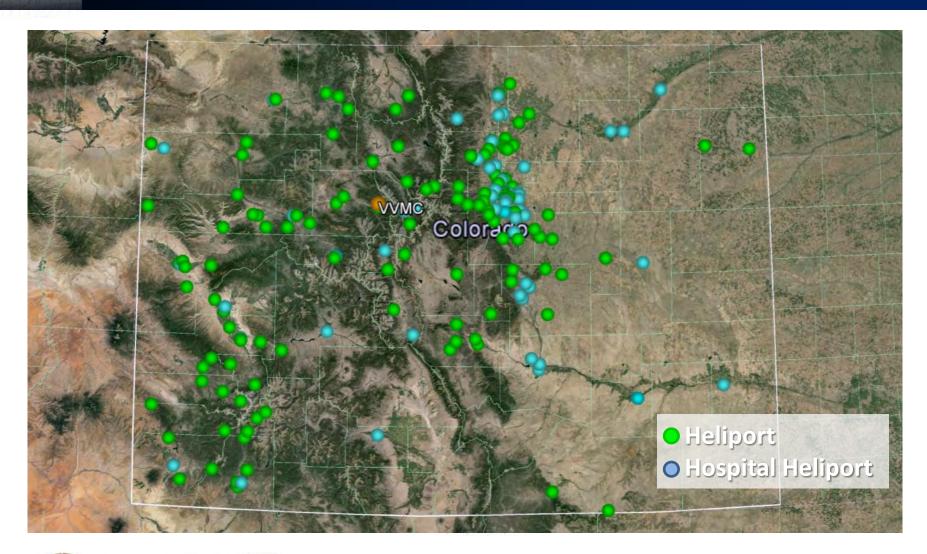
http://www.faa.gov/airports/airport_safety/airportdata_5010

- 179 Total heliports listed in Colorado
- 98 Heliports in Colorado above 6,000 feet
- 43 Heliports in Colorado above 8,200 feet
- 59 Hospital heliports in Colorado
- 16 Hospital heliports in Colorado above 6,000 feet
- 4 Hospital heliports in Colorado above 8,200 feet





HELIPORTS IN COLORADO WITH FAA 5010 MASTER RECORDS ON FILE







HOSPITAL HELIPORT SAFETY RECORD FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC

National Safety Council

"we found no accounts of hospital heliport related injuries to members of the general public, whether from direct contact with the helicopter itself or as the result of being distracted by the helicopter while driving."



ATTN: Raymond Syms HeliExperts International LLC 28 Baruch Drive Long Branch, NJ 07740

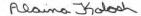
October 20, 2014

Dear Mr. Syms:

The mission of the National Safety Council is to make our world safer by preventing injuries and deaths at work, in homes and communities, and on the roads through leadership, research, education and advocacy. To support this mission, the Library of the National Safety Council gathers, catalogs and disseminates safety statistics, research and other information from a wide range of reputable sources.

As you requested, we searched our holdings for documents detailing any injuries of persons from the general public at or in the vicinity of hospital heliports. The search located a number of documents addressing incidents resulting in injuries and fatalities to flight crew members and passengers. However, we found no accounts of hospital heliport-related injuries to members of the general public, whether from direct contact with the helicopter itself or as the result of being distracted by the helicopter while driving.

I hope this information is helpful. Please let me know if we can be of any further assistance.



Alaina Kolosh National Safety Council Manager, Library & Information Services

making our world safer

1121 SPRING LAKE DRIVE + ITASCA, IL 60143-3201 + (630) 285-1121 P + (630) 285-1315 F + nsc.o







ELONGATED FATOFAA AC 150/5390-2C (Fig 4-4)



Example: 80 feet is added to the basic FATO length for a site elevation of 3,200 feet.

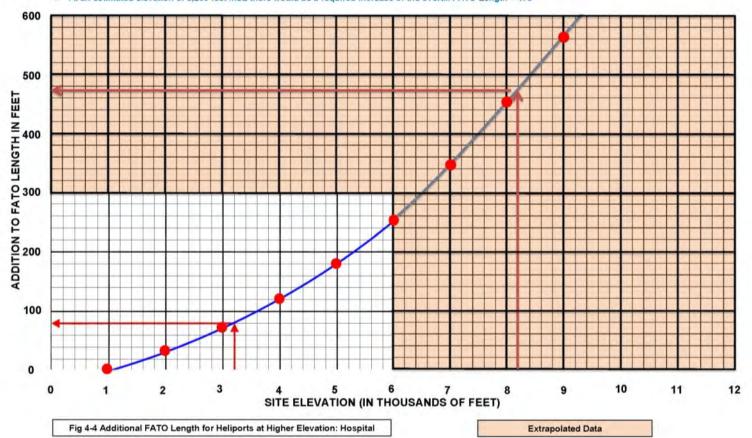




EXTRAPOLATION OF ELONGATED FATO SIZE FOR VAIL BASED ON FIG. 4-4

Extended FATO Extrapolation Chart

- The following chart is an estimated extrapolation for elevations above 6,000 feet MSL Based on FAA Heliport Advisory Circular A/C 150/5390-2C, Figure 4-4
 - At an estimated elevation of 8,200 feet MSL there would be a required increase of the overall FATO Length = 475









EXTENDED FATO CALCULATIONS

Aircraft Make & Model Data					
Aircraft	Max Takeoff Weight (lbs.)	OL (feet)	RD (feet)		
5-92	26,500	68.5	56.3		
UH-60	22,000	64.8	53.8		
AW-139	14,991	54.7	42.6		
B-412	11,900	56.2	46.0		
5-76	11,700	52.5	44.0		
EC-145	7,904	42.7	36.1		
AW-109E Pwr	6,283	42.8	36.1		
EC-135	6,250	40.0	33.5		
B-407	5,250	41.4	35.0		
AS-350	4960	42.5	35.1		

N	U	ı	Ł	>	:

*This is only a partial representation of the potential EMS helicopters that could service a hospital heliport in the U.S. and is for illustration purposes only.

The estimated extended FATO for Vail, Colorado per extrapolation of the FAA AC chart is 475 feet.

Ground Based Heliport Dimensions					
TLOF (feet)	FATO (feet)	FSA (feet)	Ext. FATO Length at 8,200' MSL		
56.3	102.8	18.8	577.8		
53.8	97.2	17.9	572.2		
42.6	82.1	14.2	557.1		
46.0	84.3	15.3	559.3		
44.0	78.8	14.7	553.8		
36.1	64.1	12.0	539.1		
36.1	64.2	12.0	539.2		
33.5	60.0	11.2	535.0		
35.0	62.1	11.7	537.1		
35.1	63.8	11.7	538.8		

NOTES:

TLOF=1 x Rotor Diameter but not less than 40'

FATO = 1.5 x Overall Length

FSA = 1/3 RD but not less than 10'

*Measurements only apply if TLOF and FATO are marked and standard hospital markings are used.

An Extended FATO is centered on the TLOF

Rooftop Based Heliport Dimensions (Non-Load Bearing FATO)				
TLOF (feet)	FATO (feet)	FSA (feet)	Ext FATO Length at 8,200' MSL	
68.5	102.8	18.8	577.8	
64.8	97.2	17.9	572.2	
54.7	82.1	14.2	557.1	
56.2	84.3	15.3	559.3	
52.5	78.8	14.7	553.8	
42.7	64.1	12.0	539.1	
42.8	64.2	12.0	539.2	
40.0	60.0	11.2	535.0	
41.4	62.1	11.7	537.1	
42.5	63.8	11.7	538.8	

NOTES:

TLOF: *If the FATO outside the TLOF is non-load bearing increase minimum width, length or diameter to overall length (D) of design helicopter.

FATO=1.5 x Overall Length

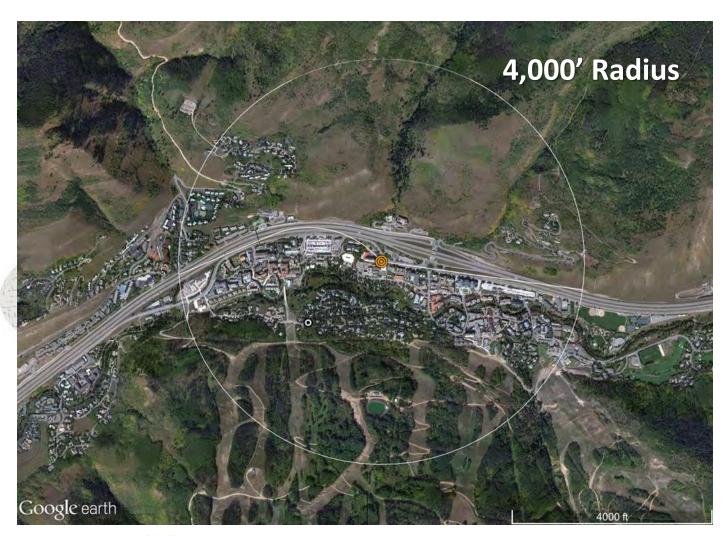
An Extended FATO is centered on the TLOF







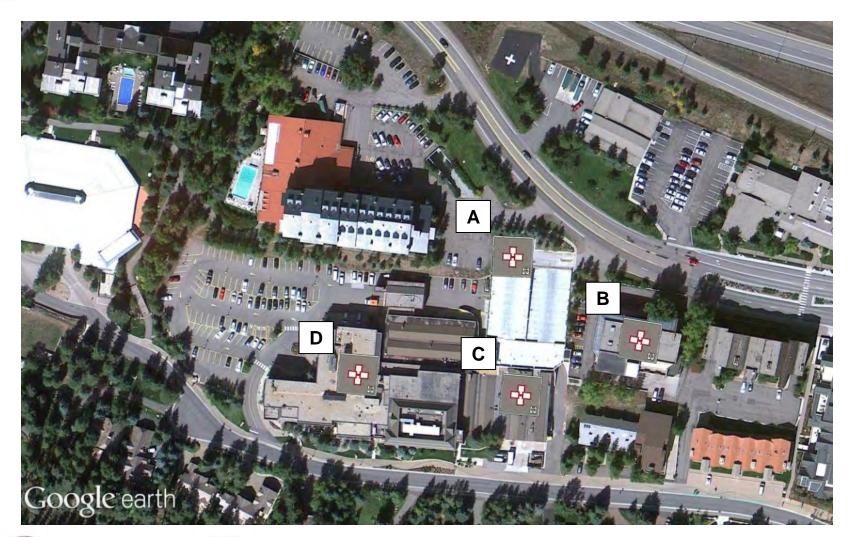
VAIL VALLEY AREA







ON CAMPUS LOCATIONS EVALUATED

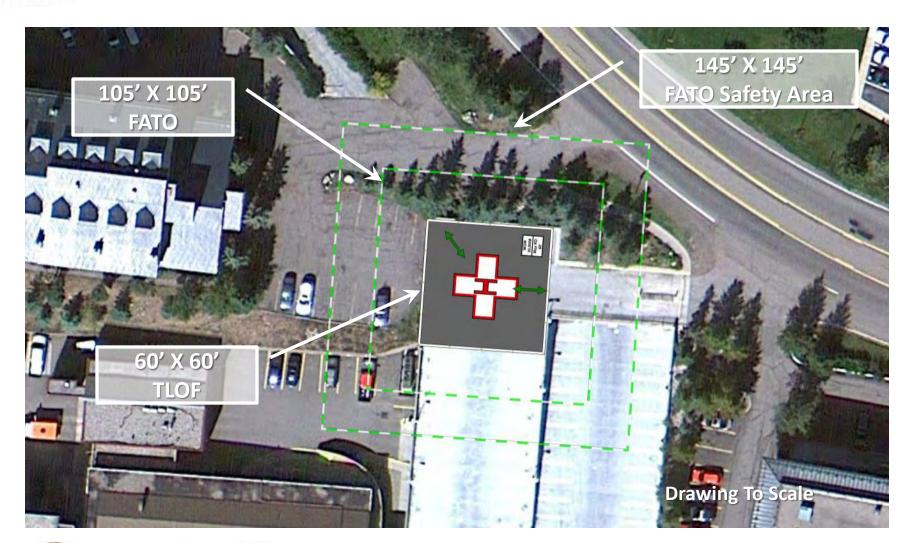








HELIPORT SITE LOCATION







TLOF WITH EXTENDED FATO

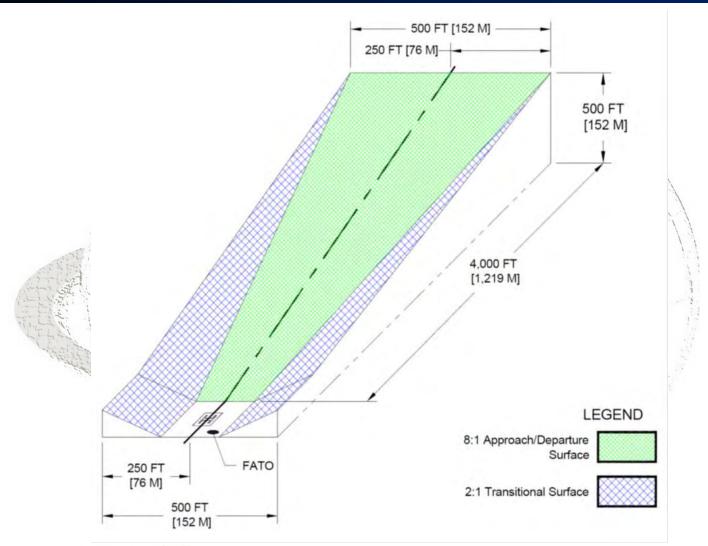








AIRSPACE STRAIGHT-IN APP/DEP PATH

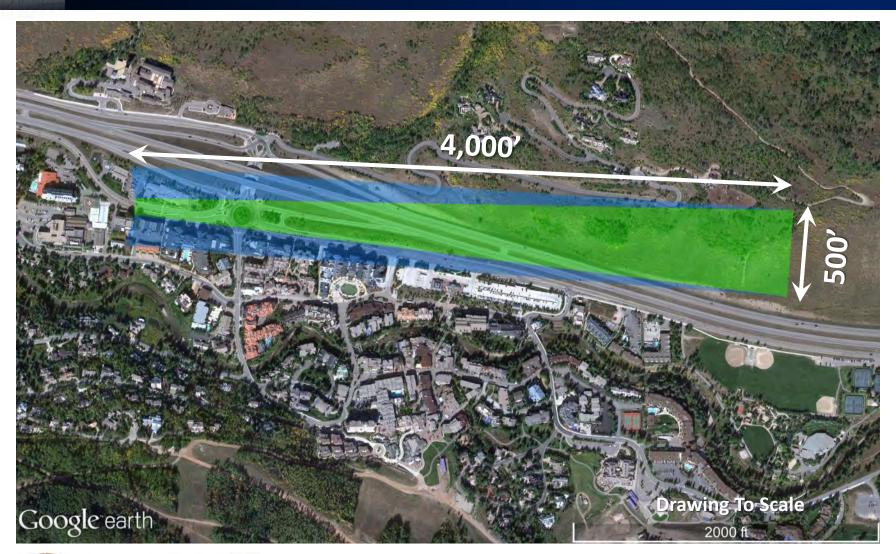








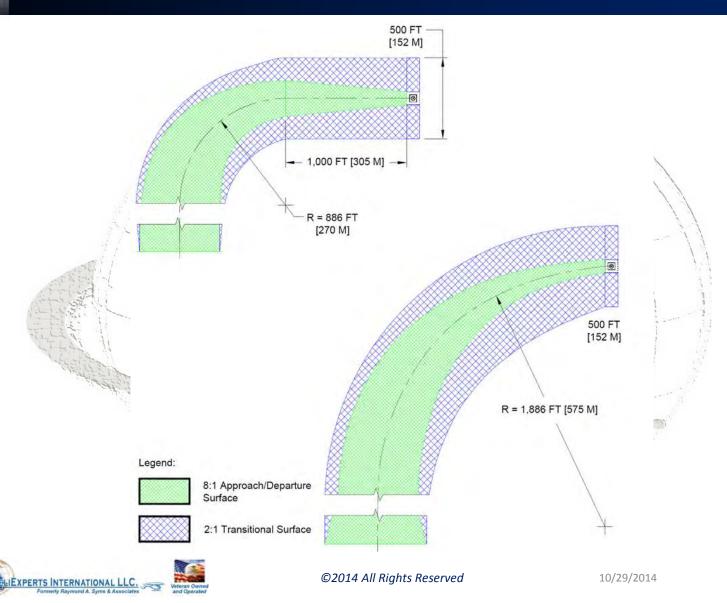
PROPOSED EAST APP/DEP PATH







AIRSPACE CURVED APP/DEP PATH





PROPOSED WEST APP/DEP PATH

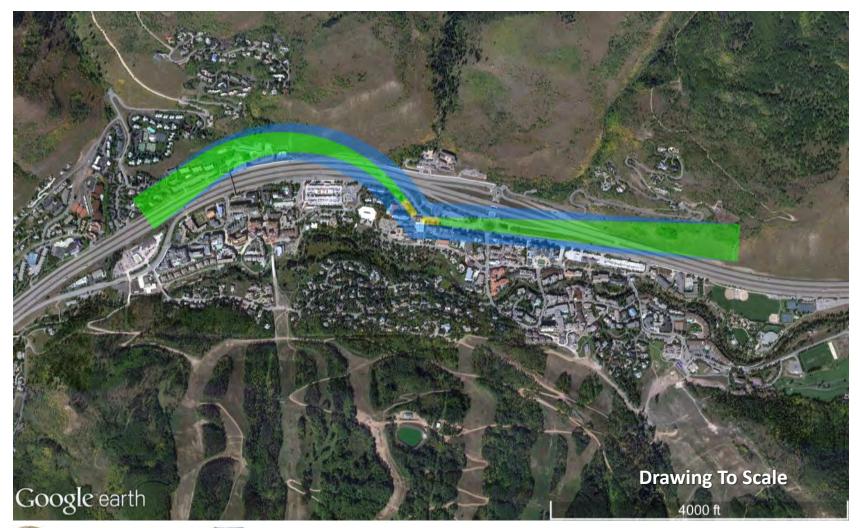








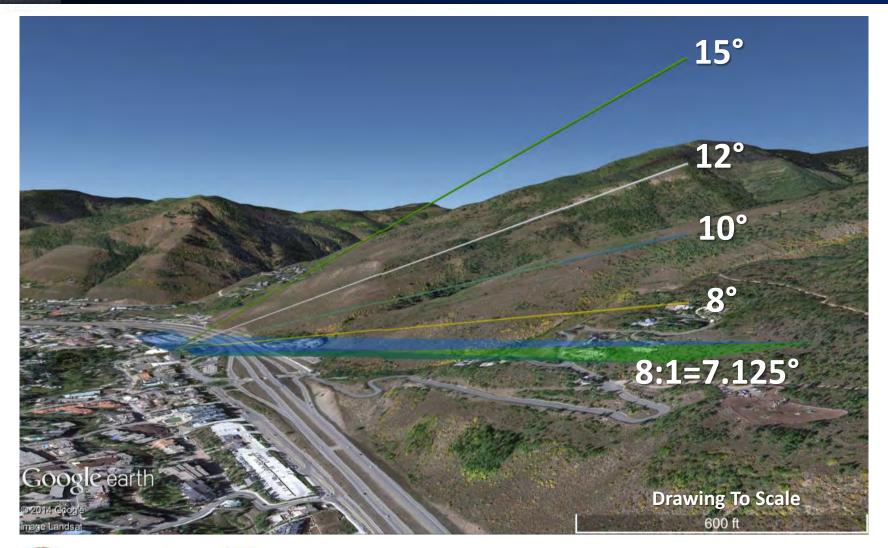
OVERALL VVMC AIRSPACE







APPROACH ANGLES VS. 8:1 SURFACE









FLIGHT SIMULATION







LOCAL WIND PATTERNS

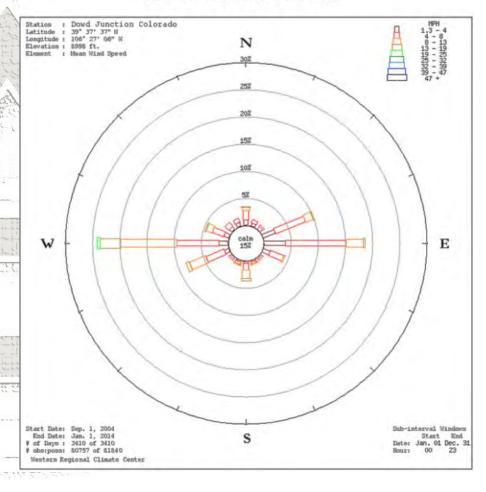
RAWS

REMOTE AUTOMATIC WEATHER STATION

Dowd Junction (2004-2014)

- 3.4 nm West of VVMC
- Lat: N-39° 37' 37"
- Long: W-106° 27' 06"
- Elevation: 8,998'
- NESS ID: 3241B960
- NWS ID: 051606
- Agency: USFS

Dowd Junction Colorado









FAA AIRSPACE DETERMINATION PROCESS

- Develop preliminary design in accordance with FAA AC 150/5390-2C
- Complete FAA Form 7480 "Notice of Landing Area Proposal"
- Submit FAA 7480 to FAA Airports District Office
- FAA airports district office checks 7480 for completeness
- Project then assigned an airspace case number
- Application distributed to the appropriate lines of business within the FAA
- Flight standards assigns a trained airspace inspector. (Commonly a helicopter pilot who is a primary operations inspector and has completed the Evaluation course at TSI in Oklahoma City)
- The inspector will go to the site and meet with the component and review all of the heliport design elements
- Upon completion of the inspection a recommendation is rendered
- A determination letter is issued
- When the heliport is constructed and the FAA may opt for an additional inspection
- FAA Form 5010 Airport Master Record then issued





EXPECTED UTILIZATION

- VVMC Retrospective Study on Helicopter Transport Utilization.
 - -JAN 2009 to DEC 2013

Average Number of Flights per year:

73

- Estimated Utilization: 1 Every 5 Days







OPERATIONAL SPECIFIC POLICIES

- Only VVMC approved helicopter providers will be utilized
- Strict criteria for patient transport will be utilized
- Pilots will be protected from patient information





PILOT DECISION MAKING

 Decision to fly or not to fly will be determined strictly on:



-Performance

Crew availability







APPROVED HEMS PROVIDERS

Helicopter EMS Provider Requirements

- Part 135 registered and compliant operators

- Formalized risk management program

Strict adherence to published HEMS weather minimums





PILOT TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

Prior to conducting operations at VVMC pilots will:

- Perform an onsite orientation flight

Complete an online pilot training program

Become familiar with site specific pilot briefing sheet information





PILOT BRIEFING SHEETS

Harrisburg, NC		Harrisburg Hospital		
FAA Identifier	(TBD)	GPS ID (local)		
Sectional	Charlotte	Heliport Use	Hospital / PPR	

LOCATION				
Lat/Long	35° 17' 09.20"	N	080° 39' 58.98"	W
(estimated)	35° 17.153'	N	080° 39.983'	W
(NAD 83)	35.28589°	N	080.66638°	W
Address:	9592 Rocky River Road, H	arris	burg, NC 28075	
Description	Hospital is located in Cabarr	ue C	ounty and is 0 5nm east of	

Description: Hospital is located in Cabarrus County and is 0.5nm east of exit-36 of I-485. Heliport is north of the hospital 175'.

SIZE &	WEIGHT LIMI	TS			
TLOF	60' x 60'	FATO	105' x 105'	MGW	35,000 lbs.

SITE INF	ORMAT	ION									
Ground	X	Ele	vated	100		Sui	face '	Туре	С	oncr	ete
Elev.	723 ft.	est.	Variat	ion	7.7	w	Nrs	t Wx /	JQF	13	3.675
Preferre	d App/D	ep Pa	ths	1	67°	347	70		310°	/13	0°
Windsoo	k	Yes	Fen	ced S	ite	1	lo	Se	curity		Yes
Fire Sup	pression	n	Yes	(tv	ne)		Han	dheld	Extino	uish	er

LIGHTING						Evenin	_
Windsock	X	Perimeter	X	Lead-in	X		-
Beacon		Glide Slope	100	PCL		(fred)	~

COM	INUN	CATION	S					
VHF	X	UHF	Simplex	Х	Duple	x	800Mhz	X-viper
Trans	mit		155.340		Recei	ve	155.34	10
PL	14	6.2	DPL		PL	146.2	DPL	

HAZARDS	
1. Magnetic interference on pad	2. Power lines on hospital perimeter
3. Hospital 175' south	4.
5.	6.

ADMINISTRAT	TIVE		
Site Manager	Karen Corker	Office Phone	(704) 403-4840
ED Phone	(704) 403-9400	Security Phone	(704) 403-9499

NOTES:. Unmarked and unlighted power lines under the 167 $^{\circ}$ / 347 $^{\circ}$ app/dep path. All Non Carolina HealthCare helicopters coordinate with MedCenter Air Dispatch at (704) 512-7941 and radio freq. 155.325/PL-91.5.

Pilot Briefing Sheet Last updated: <u>08/28/2014</u> Page **1** of **2**Produced By HeliExperts International LLC ©2014 All Rights Reserved



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SAFETY REVIEW PROGRAM

Review Involving - Transport Teams Every flight -Every turn down **Pilots** -Every question **Doctors** -Every issue Administration





 FAA Heliport Design Advisory Circular 2012 Chapter 4 Hospital Heliports, Section 402 Applicability.

"The standards in this chapter apply to projects funded under the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) or Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) program. For other projects/heliports, these standards are the FAA's recommendations for designing all hospital heliports.





 The FAA Heliport Design Advisory Circular states the following in Section 101:

"When it is not feasible to meet all the standards and recommendations in this AC, consult with the appropriate offices of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Office of Airports and Flight Standards Service to identify any adjustments to operational procedures necessary to accommodate operations to the maximum extent."





 The FAA heliport design advisory circular states the following in Section 106:

"Heliport sites may be adjacent to a river or a lake, a railroad, a freeway, or a highway, all of which offer the potential for multi-functional land usage. These locations also have the advantage of relatively unobstructed airspace, which can be further protected from unwanted encroachment by properly enacted zoning."







• FAA 8900.1 (Guide used by FAA inspectors)
Volume 8 General Technical functions,
Chapter 3 Miscellaneous Technical
Functions, Section 8-213 Heliports, B)
Definitions and Elements of a Heliport, 5)
Protection Zone, the guidance given is:

"For PPR (Prior Permission Required) heliports, a protection zone is optional".





 FAA 8900.1 (FAA Inspectors Guidance) goes on to say the following:

"In many situations, portions of the approach/takeoff paths can use the airspace existing above public lands and waters, freeways, streets, parks, rivers, and lakes."





• The Heliport Protection Zone was not developed due to any accidents which have occurred in the helicopter industry.









